

Conservative Management of Partial Achilles Tendon Rupture

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INTRODUCTION

Acute traumatic partial rupture of the Achilles tendon is an uncommon yet complex injury in professional football, with its management remaining a topic of debate, particularly in toptier leagues [1,2]. The main concern in avoiding operative management, which is a common approach for this injury, is the associated higher complication rates [3].

This case report presents a detailed account of the conservative treatment and recovery of a 23-year-old male professional football player who suffered a partial Achilles tendon tear of his dominant leg (left) while competing in the Greek Superleague.

Initial diagnosis was made by clinical evaluation (increased tenderness in palpation, negative palpable gap, nègative Thompson test) combined with MRI scan and U/S examination.

Athlete's characteristcs:

- 23-year-old winger football player competing in Greece's first division
- BMI = 22.5 kg/m^2 | Body fat = 8.9%
- Participations in 2022-2023: 25 championship games and 3 cup games

METHODS

Progress was monitored through:

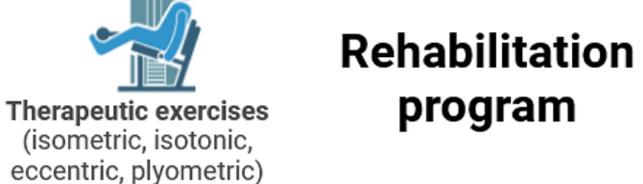
- MRI scans at each key recovery milestone
- Weekly ultrasound (US) assessments
- Clinical evaluations
- GPS data (STATSports Apex, Newry, Ireland)

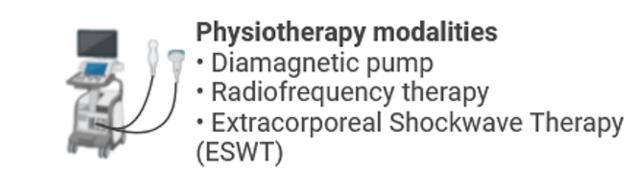
Blood flow restriction

Rehabilitation team









Return-to-Sport criteria:

- Single-leg
- countermovement jump
- Triple hop test Crossover triple hop test
- Calf-raise test

RESULTS

Key recovery milestones

Time of injury

Baseline

Close to 30-40% Achilles

tendon rupture; 1.49 cm

distance sprint on a pre-

season friendly match

Return-to-Run

67 days

post-injury

Requirement to return to sport: Main return to sport criteria:

- longitudinal tear in proximity High-speed running (HSR; with the calcaneal attachment
 - Total running distance of over 20 km in a week by 10 weeks
- No time of immobilization was required

Injury occured during a long-

Return-to-Sport

126 days post-injury

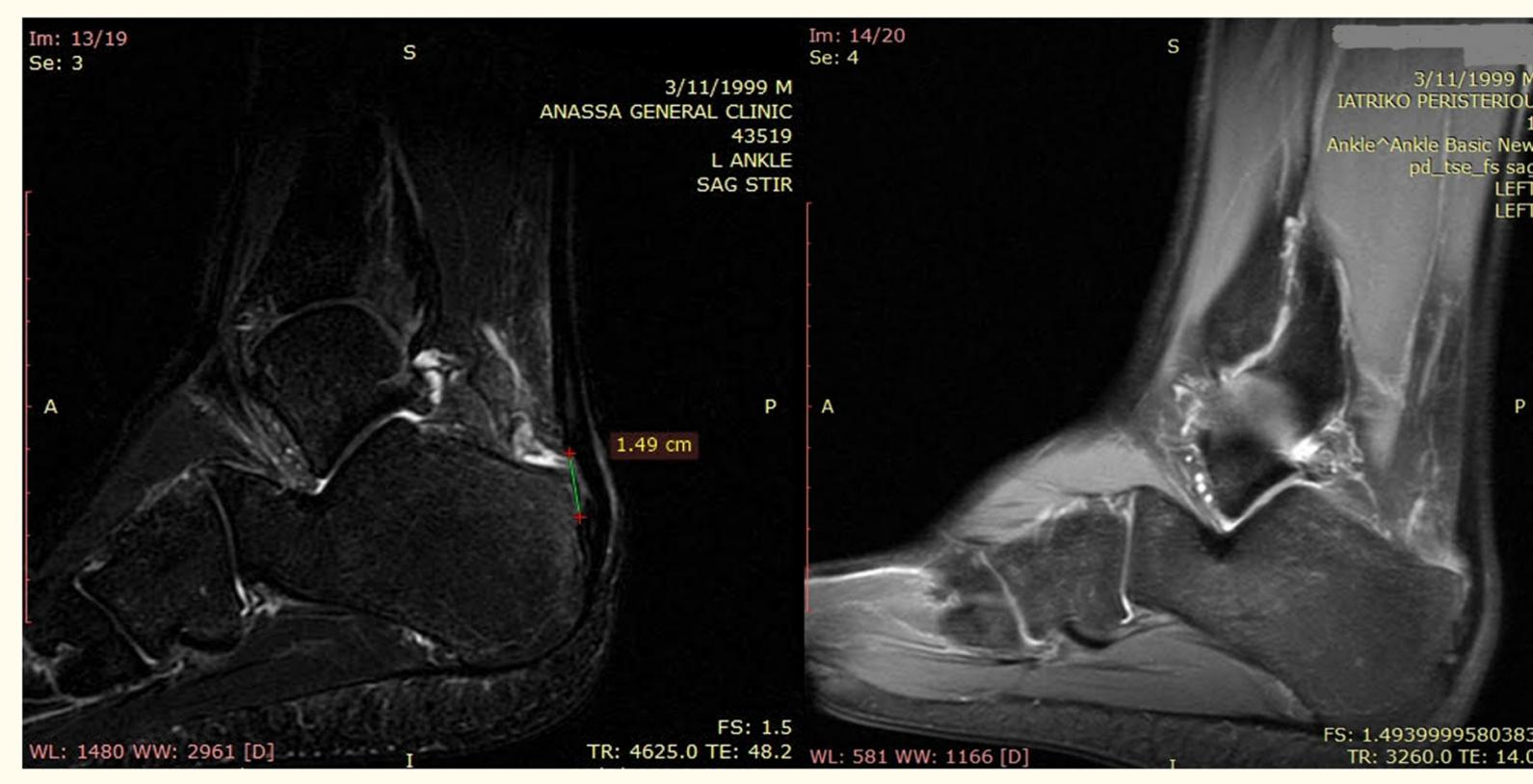
- Single-leg CMJ >19.8 km/h) by 5 weeks 19.8cm (injured)
 - 18.7 (uninjured)
 - Triple hop test: 4.08m (injured)
 - 4.20m (uninjured) • 60s calf-raise test: 28 repetitions

Return-to-Performance

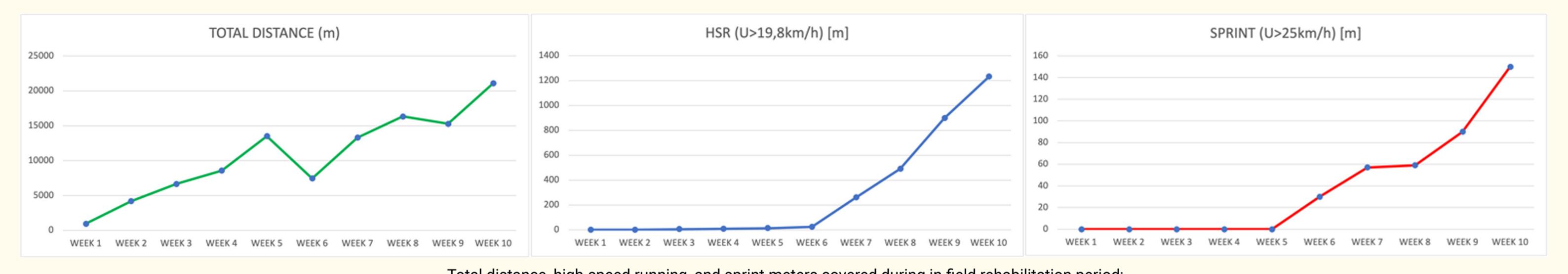
142 days post-injury

Final week before return-toperformance: ~6% of the total distance comprised of HSR and sprinting

 No complications were reported after the player's return to performance



MRI scans at baseline (left) and after 5 months of rehabilitation (right)



Total distance, high-speed running, and sprint meters covered during in-field rehabilitation period; Weekly average GPS data in 2024 showed a +5.7% increase in total distance (2024: 21,092 m; 2023: 19,900 m), a -0.5% decrease in high-speed running (2024: 1,231 m; 2023: 1,237 m), and a -3.3% decrease in sprint distance (2024: 150 m; 2023: 155 m) compared to 2023.

CONCLUSION

- Conservative management may be a viable and effective option for young professional football players with partial Achilles tendon rupture.
- The integration of advanced imaging with performance data is crucial in navigating the rehabilitation process, enabling a successful return to the pre-injury high-performance level.
- A non-operative approach may be indicated in the management of such injuries among professional athletes.

REFERENCES

- [1] Gatz, M., et al. (2020). Partial Achilles Tendon Rupture-A Neglected Entity: A Narrative Literature Review on Diagnostics and Treatment Options. J Clin Med, 9(10), 3380.
- [2] Medeiros D. M. (2021). Conservative treatment of Achilles tendon partial tear in a futsal player: A case report. Physiother Theory Pract, 37(10), 1158–1165. [3] Seow, D., et al. (2023). Lower re-rupture rates but higher complication rates following surgical versus conservative treatment of acute achilles tendon ruptures: a systematic review of overlapping meta-analyses. *Knee Surg Sports Traumatol Arthrosc*, 31(8), 3528–3540.



Scan the QR code to watch a detailed YouTube video covering the injury mechanism, exercises for each phase of rehabilitation, and a game played post-rehabilitation.